

Chapter 1 : Glossary of Islam | Religion-wiki | FANDOM powered by Wikia

A.H. (Latin anno hegirae, "After Hijira"). Western abbreviation for the Islamic dating of years, beginning with Muhammad's flight to Medina in CE. adhan Arabic. The call to prayer performed by the muezzin before each of the five daily times of prayer (salat).

If this list were incomplete, terms like these - on the edge - would be acceptable, but as previously noted, this list is bloating. Actually, all Islamic terms are Arabic. Sabr - "patience" - in Islam consists of a number of points, for example. I have encountered many of the words in the list in reading about Islam, and those are the words that need to be explained for the ordinary user of Wikipedia. Words that occur only in kutbahs by imams who are showing off their knowledge of Arabic? The words will be explained either by the commentator, or by the mosque literature. We say chopsticks, not hashi. Some people are more gung-ho than others when it comes to using Japanese, Chinese, or Sanskrit words. If you are familiar with the term please add to the page. Currently it has only the explanation: Also, how is Zalimun an Islamic term when it refers to polytheists Jilbab is like khimar, and maybe hijab, terms used in the Islamic literature. Some of the others seemed vaguely familiar from my jurisprudence book. In any case, I am not sure that some of them are not used in Islamic discourse. As in this article: What is the Wisdom of Islam? Also, check out Notes on Hikmah. Also, check out Notes on Sabr. For example, Hikmah and Sabr - patience and wisdom are key elements in making decisions. Zalimun is derived from the Arabic word "Zulm" meaning injustice. The use of many terms in Arabic by Muslims is more preferred than using them in English though they technically are the same. That link I gave you mentions niyah throughout. Niyah, such as in "Prophet Mohammed said: Not every word in the original Arabic version of the Quran is purely Islamic, though it is purely Arabic. A Zalim is a polytheist; Zalimun refer to polytheists. However, when Muslims use Zalimun, they are often referring to a different concept, such as those who are among the Zalimun cause injustice for denying the existence of God or for worshipping Him as a tree. Some Muslims may even include Christians among the Zalimun. The words I added were from a various sources, a book on Islam and from Muslim websites, such as 1 , 2 , 3 , 4. Such lists found online are oftentimes for new Muslims as a quick reference. Jilbaab is often left this way I know, so are is hijab, fiqh, madhhab, lots of words. I think that terms used to describe the various classification of actions is important. I think a deeper question has been posed here; are items included in this list regardless of whether they are purely solely Islamic, as long as they are Arabic and relevant to Islam? At what point does one draw the line between a term that can be applied universally to all religions and a term that has a deep enough connection to Islam to be included? Maybe I am missing the purpose of this but it has to be words important to Islamic discourse which would be fiqh-related no? While "independent reasoning" captures some of it, it leaves a lot out that can be discussed in the article. So when the Arabic is used in English-translated scholarly works I assume it would belong here. Your example was ijihad. Yes, words like that have a secular meaning and also a religious meaning. What makes a Muslim a hypocrit? What does the Quran, haddith, scholars say about the topic? When is someone unwise within the Islamic tradition? The answer to that would be the rejection of Islam, for example. I guess it all depends on the purpose of this list. I was under the impression that one of the purposes was to provide people a quick reference list. The list reasons we need this page is mentioned at the top of the talk page-- JuanMuslim It is used mainly by Shias. Cheers -- Svest From Women in Islam

Chapter 2 : Glossary of Islamic Terms

an Islamic scholar who is an interpreter or expounder of Islamic law (Sharia), capable of issuing fataawa (plural of "fatwa"). Muá, ¤ajabah (Ù...Ø-Ø-Ø"Ø©) woman who wears hijab (polite form of hijabi).

An attempt at explaining them follows. If there is still some term that is unclear, please do not hesitate to contact us through the Site Information section of Al-Islam. A full definition of each term would surely require more disk space than available in all the world. Abi Talib was the brother of Imam Hussein A. His mother was Umm al-Banin. Abbas was killed at Karbala. Junada was a companion of the Prophet S. He died in 32 A. He looked after the Prophet S. This can be obligatory or optional as ruled by the Mujtahid. He was poisoned in A. Musa al-Hadi, Abu al-Hasan A. Musa al-Rida, Abu al-Hasan A. Allah is a Divine name of God. It is the perfect name for God as it truly denotes the absolute Oneness of God. The name has no plural and no feminine form. It is said after the names of all previous prophets, their mothers e. Bibi Maryam [Mary] A. Thus, we sa y Imams Hasan and Husayn A. The four Eids are listed below. It is necessary to abstain from the acts which are haram. Muhammad, Abu Muhammad al-Askari A. The term is generally applied to religious leaders. However, there are 12 infallible and noble Imams, the descendants of Muhammad S. He is a prophet of Allah. It contains the Hajarul Aswad or the Black Stone. She was the mother of Fatima A. If one person performs the act, then it is not required for others to perform. For example, the burial of a deceased Muslim is obligatory on any one person to perform. Musa, al-Jawad, is the 9th Imam. Muhammad al-Kadhim, Abu al-Hasan A. All his descendants are also called Qurayshi. It is the month of fasting from sunrise to sunset. It is also a basis of the prayer. It is a prayer which is said after the name of the Holy Prophet Muhammad S. The two Sajdahs together are called sajdatain. It is also the last recitation at the end of Salat. The acts whose neglect is not punished, but whose performance is rewarded, e. It literally means a sign, or a revelation. An act which must be performed. With contributions from Br. The Islamic Community, A Translation of Mokhtasarol Ahkam. Dar al-Quran al-Karim, The Book of Guidance. Compiled by Yousuf N. Sayyid Mujtaba Rukni Musawi Lari, trans.

Chapter 3 : Glossary of Islam - Wikipedia

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Examples range from going to school and a woman making the Hajj to fighting a war or giving up a bad habit. They can communicate with us only through our minds. There are good and evil jinn. The caricature of the genie is based on this creature. Spelled as caliph in English. Also called an Ameen ceremony. Kiraman Katibeen The two angels assigned to each person that record good and bad deeds in our book of records. It falls in 1 of the last 10 days of Ramadan. Maghrib The sunset prayer. Mahdi The awaited hero who will rally the oppressed Muslims of the Earth to victory in the end-times. Malikul Mawt The angel of death. He was meant to be the Messiah for the Jewish people. Many restrictions apply upon a person who enters this mosque, such as the person must not kill any living thing, even a bug; and the person must be in a purified state. Mathnawi The name of the collected poems of Jalaluddin Rumi. Maulid un Nabi The birthday of the Prophet Muhammad. This widely celebrated holiday is controversial in Islam because it has no sanction from the main Islamic sources. An important religious shrine is located there, and it is the birthplace of Muhammad. Minbar The pulpit on which the Imam stands to deliver his Friday sermon. Mohammadanism The name Europeans gave to the religion of Islam in the seventeenth century, thinking that Muslims worshipped Muhammad as god. Muazzin The person who gives the Muslim call to prayer five times daily from the minaret of a mosque.

Chapter 4 : Glossary of Islam - ReligionFacts

The following list consists of notable concepts that are derived from both Islamic and Arab tradition, which are expressed as words in the Arabic language. The main purpose of this list is to disambiguate multiple spellings, to make note of spellings no longer in use for these concepts, to.

Allah Allah - the greatest and most inclusive of the names of God. It is an Arabic word of rich and varied meaning, denoting the one who is adored in worship, who creates all that exists, who has priority over all creation, who is lofty and hidden, who confounds all human understanding. Allahu Akbar Allah is the Greatest. Amirul Mumineen Commander of the faithful. Title of the leader of the Islamic dominion after the death of Prophet Muhammad S. In Islamic terms, it means the following six articles of faith: Belief in Allah, the One God. Belief in His revealed Books. Belief in His messengers. Belief in the Day of Judgement. Belief in Fate and the Divine Decree. For a long time they had followed a policy of opportunism with regard to the conflict between Islam and unbelief. However, as Islam established its sway over the greater part of Hijaz and Najd and the power of the tribes hostile to Islam began to weaken, they saw their interests lay in entering the fold of Islam. For details see Surah 9. Arafat Arafat is a pilgrimage site, about 25 kilometers east of Makkah al-Mukaramah. They will, therefore, dwell at a place situated between the two. Ashab al-Suffah Ashab al-Suffah consisted of about three or four hundred Companions who spent most of their time in the company of the Prophet S. They acquired knowledge and had dedicated themselves wholly to serving Islam. It can be prayed between midafternoon and a little before sunset. It is also the name of Surah of the Holy Quran. Sayings of the Sahabah, the companions of the Prophet S.

Chapter 5 : Glossary of Islam

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Christology Area of theology dealing with the person of Christ. The vast majority of Christological doctrine was developed in the period leading up to the Council of Nicea in The worldwide body of Christian believers, a particular denomination or congregation, or the building in which they meet. The study of the nature of the church is called ecclesiology. Confirmation One of the seven Catholic sacraments, and a practice in some Protestant churches, in which a baptized young adult usually aged 13 confirms his or her continuing commitment to the Christian faith. Confirmation is usually preceded by a period of education called catechism. Consubstantiation was formulated in opposition to the medieval Catholic doctrine of transubstantiation. Condemned Arianism as a heresy and produced the Nicene Creed. Council of Trent The 19th ecumenical council of the Catholic Church, which took place over the period A very important council in that it reformed numerous aspects of church practice e. A symbol in which two or more lines cross at degree angles. Acolyte who carries the cross in a church procession before the service. The crucifer is followed by the choir, the acolytes, the lay ministers, and then the clergy in order of rank highest last. Prayers are addressed to the saints in the hope that they will intercede with God on the behalf of believers. Saints are believed to have accumulated a "treasury of merit" which can be used for the benefit of believers. Deus volt Latin "God wills it". The battle cry of the Crusaders. In Eastern Orthodoxy, a diocese is called an eparchy. The belief that Christ only appeared to have a human body. Associated with Gnosticism and based on the dualistic belief that matter is evil and only spirit is good. A short hymn glorifying God. Essentially synonymous with Adoptionism. Spring festival celebrating the resurrection of Christ Ebionites Hebrew ebionim, "poor men". An ascetic sect of Jewish Christians that taught Jesus was only a human prophet who had received the Holy Spirit at his baptism. Rejected Paul, and held that the law of Moses must be obeyed by Christians. Branch of theology dealing with the doctrine of the church. To be distinguished from a "synod," which is a meeting of the local church. It granted extensive rights to the Huguenots French Calvinists.

Chapter 6 : Talk:Glossary of Islam - Wikipedia

Glossary of Islamic (Arabic) Words Arabic words are created from three-consonant "roots" representing basic ideas. For example, s-l-m is the three-consonant root for Islam. The insertion/addition of other letters produce related words.

Khadija Khadijah became an eminent businesswoman who employed agents to organized caravans. Mohammad became one of her agents and later her third husband. She about 40 and he was They had six children, five of whom survived. She was a great support of him after his first vision in Although Mohammad had 11 more wives, he remained faithful to her during her lifetime. The Mongols and Turkic peoples from which modern day Turks are descendent are distantly related. The Turks began migrating from Central Asia toward the Middle East after accepting the Sunni faith in the 7th century. Kharijites "Those who split off or depart. They rejected "compromising" caliphs. Khojas A Shiite sect that takes Aga Khan as their religious head. The Khojas are a Gujarati speaking community in India, mainly engaged in business. Koreish Ancient Bedouin tribe that controlled Mecca, the birthplace of Mohammad. They opposed Mohammad, one of their own, until he returned from his flight to capture the city for Islam. From darasa "to study. The English term is "mosque. The Moghuls ruled India and much of contemporary Afghanistan until Mohammad Spelling variant of "Mohammad". Mohammad was born of the Koreish people in Mecca, Saudi Arabia. Each year he would climb Mt. One year he returned from the mountain, declaring himself a prophet, or messenger, of God. Returning to Mecca, he preached his message for nine years, attracting many disciples, much to the dismay of those practicing established beliefs much like the experience of Jesus. This year marks the beginning of the Muslim calendar: His flight allowed him to gather his followers and in A. He was then acknowledged the last prophet of Allah by all Arabia. Muhammad "praised, extolled" passive participle of intensive hammada "to extoll" from hamida "to praise. Hosny Mubarak is the current president of Egypt. It focuses on protecting U. Those religious branches which interpret doctrinal law as authoritative and apply its principles and regulations to contemporary living. Osama bin Laden Wealthy Saudi who is the leader of the largest terrorist network in the world, Al Qaeda, with headquarters somewhere in Afghanistan. Ottoman A powerful Muslim clan that settled in what is now Turkey and established a Muslim dynasty that ruled from about the 13th century A. It was the major preserver of "official" Islamic continuity in the Mediterranean and adjacent areas during most of that period. There is a high degree of bilingualism with Farsi. It is one of the two official languages taught in schools and used in radio programs. It is spoken mainly by Hanafi Sunni Muslims according to Ethnologue. Pillars of Islam The 5 basic devotional-ritual duties of Islam: Extending precedent to new situations by analogy. Quibla Arabic "direction" The direction of Mecca, into which the imam always prays. Ramadan The ninth month of the Islamic calendar the Hijra. The month of Ramadhan begins after the sighting of the lunar crescent on the previous evening, so it may begin on different days in different parts of the world. During the Fast of Ramadan Muslims do not eat or drink during the daylight hours. No smoking or marital relations are allowed. The fast may be broken after sunset with prayer and a meal of dates called the "iftar. For more information about Ramadan, click here. Words from the same root include ramdaa "sunbaked sand" and the famous idiom: Safavid Iranian dynasty that ruled Persia Iran from The founder of the dynasty, Ismail Safavi, crowned himself shah of Azerbaijan in In the next ten years he subjugated Iran and Iraq. This roiled the Sunni Ottoman sultans who defeated Ismail in and took Baghdad. The Safavids moved their capital to Isfahan, which they beautified extensively over the following years. There are several kids of sawm. A "wajib sawm" is a required fast such as that celebrating Ramadan. This sawm is taken during the daylight hours in the month of Ramadan; one of the five pillars of Islam. If the wish is granted, the nathr sawm becomes a wajib sawm. Sharia is the law of Islam. The Sharia extends beyond what Westerners consider law. It covers the totality of religious, political, social, including private life and makes no distinction between sin and law. Came to mean a respected leader and in Islam a religious teacher or person learned in religion or respected for piety. Others did not believe this. Names such as Afghani-stan, Tajiki-stan, Turkmeni-stan, Uzbeki-stan are formed by adding this suffix to the usually pluralized names of the people living in that country, as the Afghani one Afghan live in Afghanistan. However, Pakistan was formed from the initial letters of "Punjab," "Afghanistan,"

and "Kashmir" and the questionably extended suffix -istan. So, now there is an extended suffix floating around that may be added to new countries, the name of whose people is not pluralized by the suffix -i. Sufism refers to the mystical path of Islam in general. Sunna h The "custom" of Mohammad, that is, his words, habits, acts and gestures as remembered by Muslims and preserved in the literary form of the hadith reports. Sunni The majority of Muslims, who are viewed as connected to the authoritative Sunna h and believe that any good Muslim can be leader; they prefer to reach agreements by means of consensus and do not recognize special sacred wisdom in their leaders as Shiites do. Suras are subdivided into ayat, "verses. Mohammad is said to have built on and perfected the teachings of Abraham, Moses and Jesus. Criticized by reform-minded legal thinkers as blind imitation-the opposite of ijihad. Along the way, they established Muslim nations in Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, the Crimea, and in many other areas along the southern border of Russia. The people in these regions speak Turkic languages very closely related to modern Turkish. Some linguists think Japanese is an Altaic language. United Nations Organization The UN was established in by 51 countries to maintain peace through international cooperation and collective security. Most nations belong to it today countries. Its headquarters today are in the UN building in New York but it has offices around the world. These rituals often include some form of dance, the best known in the West being that of the Turkish Mevlevi order, often called the "whirling dervishes". Yawm al-Din "Day of judgment. YourDictionary definition and usage example.

Chapter 7 : Glossary of Islamic Terms | Islamic Marriage Handbook | calendrierdelascience.com

The Islamic creed, or the six article of faith, which consists of the belief in God, Angels, Messengers and Prophets, Scriptures, the Day of Judgment, and Destiny. Glossary of Islam 4.

Chapter 8 : Glossary of Christianity - ReligionFacts

1. Islam - Islam is an Abrahamic monotheistic religion which professes that there is only one and incomparable God and that Muhammad is the last messenger of God. It is the worlds second-largest religion and the major religion in the world, with over billion followers or 23% of the global population.

Chapter 9 : Glossary of Islam - Infogalactic: the planetary knowledge core

The term referring to various evils in an Islamic sense, such as worshiping associates alongside Allah (shirk akbar) or ruling besides the laws (Akham) of Islam, and rejecting Islamic terms, evidences (Quran, Sunnat, Usul-ul-fiqh), and Islamic faith (Kufr).