

Chapter 1 : Dream About Ants | Dream Interpretation Ants | DreamsCloud

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Ant Facts for Kids There are more than 12, species of ants all over the world. An ant can lift 20 times its own body weight. If a second grader was as strong as an ant, she would be able to pick up a car! Some queen ants can live for many years and have millions of babies! Ants "hear" by feeling vibrations in the ground through their feet. When ants fight, it is usually to the death! Queen ants have wings, which they shed when they start a new nest. Oxygen enters through tiny holes all over the body and carbon dioxide leaves through the same holes. When the queen of the colony dies, the colony can only survive a few months. Queens are rarely replaced and the workers are not able to reproduce. They are social insects, which means they live in large colonies or groups. Depending on the species, ant colonies can consist of millions of ants. There are three kinds of ants in a colony: The queen, the female workers, and males. The queen is the only ant that can lay eggs. Once the queen grows to adulthood, she spends the rest of her life laying eggs! Depending on the species, a colony may have one queen or many queens. Ant colonies also have soldier ants that protect the queen, defend the colony, gather or kill food, and attack enemy colonies in search for food and nesting space. If they defeat another ant colony, they take away eggs of the defeated ant colony. When the eggs hatch, the new ants become the "slave" ants for the colony. Some jobs of the colony include taking care of the eggs and babies, gathering food for the colony and building the anthills or mounds. Find more fun ant facts for kids in addition to ant control at the official NPMA website. Dark brown to black and shiny Legs:

Chapter 2 : 14 All-Natural Ways to Get Ants Out of Your House | TipHero

Ants will not eat your fingers[Texte imprimÃ©]: A Selection of Traditional African Poems / Leonard W. DoobDoob, Leonard W.

Ants are actually helping this peony bloom. You stomp and kick until the small hill disappears and the tiny ants scurry off. Tunneling ants turn over as much soil as earthworms do, aerating the soil and redistributing nutrients. Ants are also part of the world recycling crew: Rather than being seen as pests, ants can be understood as our partners in gardening. One of the most easily observed and important roles that ants play is as seed dispersers. Here in the temperate eastern forests, ants disperse woodland spring wildflowers, such as bleeding heart *Dicentra spectabilis*, USDA Hardiness Zones 3â€™9 , trout lilies *Erythronium* spp. They conduct this same role with flowering plants across the country. This enterprise is so beneficial that plants appear to have adjusted the timing of flowering and fruiting to take advantage of high ant activity early in the year. This process makes a clear argument to keep ants aroundâ€™if for no other reason than to act as the gardeners of the insect world. Another advantage of having ants in your garden is protection from herbivores. Ants are attracted to the nectar found on the plant stem or sepals not the nectar found in flowers that is used by pollinators. The ants patrol these plants and disturb herbivores and seed-eating insects by attacking them, by causing them to fall off the plants, or by interrupting feeding, egg laying, courtship, or molting. The ants crawling all over sticky peony buds in early summer, for example, protect them from enemies, and the ants are rewarded with a rich food source. Ant protection from predation is also beneficial for some of our most common insects. This interaction can add more butterflies and birds to your garden as they become attracted to the greater insect activity. A few garden ants are nuisance species. Native fire ants in the South sting and bite, making them unpleasant visitors to the garden. Nonnative red imported fire ants are a more serious problem. They are overabundant because they have escaped their natural competitors and predators in South America. They damage crops, cause a decline in native-ant populations, and even incapacitate machinery. Carpenter ants live in rotting wood but do little damage to live garden plants. Most ants, however, have no negative impact at all. The ants, in fact, are eaten by other insects, spiders, frogs, lizards, birds, fish, and some mammals, forming an important part of food webs all over the world. We are continually learning new ways that ants contribute to the ecosystem. Home gardeners can do worse than follow the biblical advice to observe the ant and be wise. Get our latest tips, how-to articles, and instructional videos sent to your inbox.

Chapter 3 : 4 Ways to Kill Ants without Pesticides - wikiHow

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Buried wood, stumps or construction debris Nest Location Outside Structures: Before any efforts are made to eradicate carpenter ants, a program or strategy needs to be implemented. Do not simply spray "something" on the carpenter ants without considering the consequences. Simply spraying an "over the counter poison" on the ants without any other consideration will greatly complicate your control and sometimes make the infestation much worse. Sprays will only kill the exposed worker ants. Spraying will have no effect on the queens. Therefore if large numbers of worker ants begin to die - guess what happens? The queens will lay more eggs, and since the queens will not be killed by sprays, the number of eggs will grow and multiply and eventually outnumber by many times the numbers of the original workers. That means your carpenter ant colony is now several times larger - all because the ants have a "natural tendency to survive". Most chemical pesticide sprays tend to be very repellent to the ants. Chemical or pesticide repellency simply means that the ants can sense the presence of pesticides and will avoid them. If the chemical is sprayed too close to the nest, the queens will instruct the workers to pick up the eggs and move the nest farther away from the pesticide! As a result of moving, the queens will also instruct the workers to divide or "split" into several new nests. This splitting of dividing of the carpenter ant nest is also called "satelliting" or "budding". After the new nests are established, the new queens begin to lay more eggs and the entire carpenter ant system is divided and now instead of a single nest there are several nests to deal with, making control much more difficult. Some pest control technicians as a result of using repellent sprays or dusts create more problems than they solve! Yes, they use repellent sprays thinking they are "doing a good job", but create more problems - as a result of not following rule 2. There are no non-repellent pesticide sprays labeled for indoor spraying. The only product that comes close to being non-repellent is Phantom a liquid spray product that also has an indoor ant label. Termidor also has an ant label for outdoor barrier use only. The only non-repellent dust for carpenter ant control is Timbor. The ants will contact these dusts by crawling or trailing through them not realizing the presence of the dust. The ants will die within days after being exposed these products. Timbor can be mixed with water and sprayed like a liquid pesticides. When the water evaporates it leaves a thin film of Timbor on surfaces sprayed. The bottom line is, you have to find or make an attempt to find the carpenter ant nest and not use repellent sprays or dusts! Carpenter Ant Once the carpenter ant colonies have been located, they need to be treated with baits or non-repellent insecticides. Only use non-repellent pesticides to kill carpenter ants. Non-repellent means that the Ants will not detect its presence and will not avoid it. In the case of baits, they will be attracted to it, and hopefully feed on it. In the case of dusts, foams or sprays, they will not detect their presence and will not be repelled. Many carpenter ant infestations are made much worse with the random application of sprays purchased at hardware stores. Carpenter ants, as with most ants are repelled by stinky smelly chemicals. If you spray a stinky smell chemical near them, they will simply avoid it and move away from it. Sometimes, the ants will actually "split" their colony into several new colonies in order to survive. This is called "satelliting" or "budding". The point is that if you spray something random, without a good carpenter ant control strategy, you could be making the problem much worse and much more costly. Outside Carpenter Ant Control Carpenter ants outdoors are usually always best controlled with baits. These baits can be used in small quantities and applied close to the source of the nest or where the worker ants can pick them up. With Advance Carpenter Ant Bait, it is best to start with small quantities tablespoon size and check periodically to see if the ants are picking it up. If so, then more bait can be applied. Apply as much bait as the ants will consume. Remember, you may be dealing with a carpenter ant nest that contains tens of thousands of ants. If so, you may need to apply a lot of bait. How much you apply depends on how large the colony is. Using this system, you only need to install it outside. There is no need to do anything inside. The reason is that carpenter ants will continually forage outdoors, even if they are found inside. Carpenter ants only feed on plant nectars such as honeydew and nothing else. Because of this, even if they are nesting indoors, carpenter ants will trail to the outside of the

building to feed. Try using the KM Ant Pro Ant Bait System and you will find that your carpenter ant problems will soon slowly diminish, and eventually be gone for good. If you absolutely have to spray for carpenter ants outdoors, or if the carpenter ants are simply not taking the baits, then apply Termidor SC to the outer perimeter of the home or building. Termidor SC is a non-repellent chemical containing Fipronyl. Spray the outer perimeter of the structure 1 foot out and 1 foot up from the foundation wall where the building meets the ground. Termidor will effect the worker carpenter ants and in turn will have an effect on the entire colony through what is known as a "transfer effect". Termidor Foam can also be applied into walls and voids, but cannot be sprayed on baseboards or in living areas. Inside Carpenter Ant Control Ant colonies located inside wall voids , hollow doors, window sills, etc, should be treated using dust products such as Timbor. This product is non-repellent to the ants and are very effective. Using a small hand duster such as the Puffer Duster , apply Timbor liberally into wall voids, hollow doors, attics, eaves, sub areas, etc.. Another good method is to remove all electrical and plumbing covers and dust into the walls and plumbing areas. Carpenter ants will travel from room to room via electrical lines and plumbing lines. Dusting these areas cuts off these routes of travel killing worker ants and also reducing "satelliting". Indoor Baiting is very effective for most ant species and also the safest. Advance Carpenter Ant Bait or Maxforce Carpenter Ant Bait Gel are the easy to apply and very effective as long as they are applied into wall voids through switch plates or in hidden areas such as attics, voids, under carpeting, corners of cabinets etc. When using baits for ants, it is best to continually monitor and replace the baits every few days. Most of these baits are food grade and will spoil within 1 week. If used outdoors, then re-application needs to be made every few days, or after a rain. Effective ant baiting needs to be done continually, and on a a long term basis. When the ants numbers decline and the bait is not disappearing, you can begin to evaluate the control. Remember, you have to place enough bait over a long enough period of time to kill ALL of the ants. You simply "set it and forget it". Continual Carpenter Ant Protection Perimeter treatments of building foundations, lawns or trees with a liquid insecticide will help prevent outdoor foraging ants from entering. Outdoor sprays such as Phantom or Termidor are very effective at killing carpenter ants. Most over the counter baits sold at hardware stores and retailers do not contain the same attractants or active ingredients as professional use baits. Although the packaging and advertising may appear convincing, millions of dollars are wasted by consumers annually on over the counter ant bait products that simply do not work. For this reason, ePestSupply. You can depend on ePestSupply. Want More Information on Carpenter Ants? Larger structures may require 2 or more kits. Email us for specific quantities that you may need. Some products can be sold individually based on amount used in treatment.

Chapter 4 : Carpenter Ants, How To Kill and Get Rid of Carpenter Ants and Wood Ants

by Kevin Wood (b.), "Ants will not eat your fingers", from Ants will not eat your fingers, no. 3. text verified 1 time Text added to the website:

Contact Author A laptop ants solution. Have you got laptop ants? Do this and the ants will simply leave by themselves. Ants in a laptop can be scary. What are they eating? If you use a bowl it needs to be heavy or it will float. This solution is for serious laptop ants. Assembling your laptop ants solution. Now fill the tray with water. Just enough to cover the bottom. Put it somewhere where it will not be disturbed. Place your stand in the center of the tray. Making sure the laptop is off and unplugged, place it carefully on the stand. Be sure that nothing but the stand underneath is touching the laptop. Lean the spoon or stick so that it touches the laptop and the surface that the tray is sitting on. Leave the set-up overnight. Why would the laptop ants leave via your spoon bridge? Ants have powerful survival instincts. In either case they scout the area at all times. The spoon will eventually be found and they will eventually all follow it. One trail over water is not acceptable and they will not use it to return. I grew up in India and my father told me panicky as I was - I had work to do of this solution. The next morning all the ants were gone. A new link to illustrated comments from this Hubpage can be found here. An ever growing selection of the comments found below can be seen each with an original illustration at this page. So, add your comment and you may be next!

Chapter 5 : Getting rid of laptop ants | HubPages

to find the frequency and page number of specific words and phrases. This can be especially useful to help you decide if the book is worth buying, checking out from a library, etc.

The upsides of spring: The downsides of spring: With all the things with have to complain about during winter, ants is not one of them usually. But when the nice weather comes back around so do our little foes. Ants can be so relentless. And there are so many of them coming to invade your home and eat your food – ant colonies can easily be in the hundreds or thousands. Poison and other traps work, but if you have young kids or pets, these methods can be dangerous. To get rid of ants just as effectively but through safe, all-natural methods, try some of these ideas!

Baby Powder Good Housekeeping This is like black magic. Sprinkling some of this powder around your doors and windows will ensure no ants will cross into your home. **Equal iStock Photo** Disconcerting for those of us who use Equal in our drinks – Turns out, the more, um, poisonous elements in Equal can easily kill ants. You can buy this in bulk for a few bucks at any grocery store for an instant ant repellent. **White Vinegar Mike Mozart via Flickr** A solution of white vinegar and water works like a dream in deterring ants and there are two ways to use this miracle mixture. You can use it to wipe down your counters and mop your floors for clean-smelling and ant-free surfaces. You can also track down where the nest is and directly spray or pour the mixture at the source of the problem. **Cream of Wheat iha31 via Pixabay** Now this one is not pleasant. Ants find cream of wheat as yummy as we do! Except when you leave out these grains for ants to munch on, the wheat expands inside the ants, causing them to explode. Use that technique at your own risk. **Cornmeal Dreamstime** Put one of the most under-utilized things in our cabinets to good use by making it an all-natural ant killer. **Coffee Grounds TipHero** Looking for a use for those old coffee grounds? They make a great ant repellent. **Baking Soda and Powdered Sugar Africa City** If you have these simple baking ingredients, you also have a way to get rid of ants. Internally, ants carry an acidic substance to protect themselves. But ants will NOT walk over a chalk line. Draw a line around your windows, doors, or other points of entry to rid yourself of ants. **Diatomaceous Earth ibPet** I had to look this up myself. Diatomaceous earth is a soft, crumbly sedimentary deposit from the fossils of diatoms. This special type of earth can be sprinkled around the base of your home to prevent ants. Make sure not to get it wet, this will make the dirt ineffective. First, make sure all your food is securely covered. Then spray hot water and dish soap over your counter or on any visible ants. If you know where the colony is, pouring boiling water on it should do the trick, too. **Mix Borax, water and sugar** and spread it on a piece of cardboard where you know the ants will be. This technique works the same way **Terro liquid** does – the ants take a bit of the mixture and bring it back to the colony. It takes a few days but it really works. **Peppermint Oil Bramble Berry Stock** This works well with most essential oils, but peppermint has proven the most effective. Put the oil around any entryways windows or doors and the smell will ward off ants! If the invasion is extreme, you can make a solution of peppermint oil and water and spray the mixture on the attacking ants. **Cinnamon stevepb via Pixabay** With a Q-tip, draw a line of cinnamon around all entrances. You can also mix cinnamon with water or essential oils for an ant-killing spray. **Spray lemon juice** around your home for a great-smelling way to get rid of these pests. Do you have any natural remedies that get rid of ants? Share them in the comments section below.

Chapter 6 : Ants: Fun Facts about Ants & Ant Information for Kids

Ants Will Not Eat Your Fingers: a Selection of Traditional African Poems by Leonard W. Doob and a great selection of similar Used, New and Collectible Books available now at calendrierdelascience.com

Chapter 7 : Ants Aren't Your Enemy - FineGardening

Big as they are, carpenter ants are sneaky and rarely seen up close. Unfortunately, you can't simply ignore these pests and cross your fingers that they'll eventually go away.

Chapter 8 : How to Get Rid of Little Black Ants: Facts on Control

Not ants. Whatever is on an ant's feet as it walks across a cookie is pretty much whatever it picked up within a six-inch radius of that cookie, so unless you store your cookies in the same cabinet as your medical waste and other biohazards, have no fear of what ants are carrying.