## Chapter 1 : The Beginner's Guide to a Career in Law | calendrierdelascience.com

*Beginner's Guide for Law Students is aimed at students who are exposed to the law for the first time. It provides a broad, user-friendly view of the law written in simple language and elucidated by examples and diagrams.*

These are not my usual flags, and you can create your own. For every brief, I tag the rule and issue. Each tag represents something unique. Tags clear the clutter. Using the "find tags" option, another pane opens that lists all relevant tags sorted by a predefined search criteria. Below is one type of search result option. The underlined movie is on this users "to watch" list. You need to collect all the rules, citations, etc from your casebook, briefs, and lecture notes. A complete list of all tags is created. The limitations of still images cannot adequately represent the power of this function because this "auto" organization is an efficient time-saver. Alternatively, you can create a summary page for printing, task list, or even an elemental check list for exams. Personally, I tag my notes like a suburban white kid with a fresh supply of spray paint. You cannot over tag since the search criteria is your main function. Reviews are a snap with tags - say you need to synthesize a large amount of information from specific time frame, like a weekly reviews, enter a time frame into the search field and you have a complete list of pertinent study material from the previous week. Below is a simple and very basic summary page of CALI lessons collected from lecture notes: Your notebook s will contain copious amounts of information. I use check tags to compile daily reading material, and again, apply the "find tags" function, but limited the date criteria for the next day. Bamm, checklist of todo material for the next day. There is an option to include or exclude checkboxes. If a professor has a website, TWEN, or other option with information you need for later, like a syllabus with assignments. The "Print to OneNote" function is your friend. Webpages, PDFs, flow charts, screenshots, etc. Although the text is not "editable" without using OCR function first, you can still flag, highlight, notate, link to images… and importantly: In this example, the red circle is the print option. Once selected, OneNote asks for a filing location within OneNote. Then a new page is created with the document "sort of" like a background page. Not to confuse, but I call these "tag flags. To do this, you simply apply another hotkey combo or use a drop down menu. This is great for smartphones the iPhone has issues with office and reminders. I tagged this PDF to remind myself about a football game. Below, Outlook has automatically added the task to the task list with any predetermined settings. This is particularly useful for managing large research projects or nightly reading lists. Contacts and appointments work the same way. Suddenly, you hear the dreaded cold call. Rules, related cases, lecture notes are all instantly prioritized red circle below. It can also be narrowed further with tighter search limits - preset! Typically, "more" important information will be highlighted in yellow, but I screwed up the screenshot… So your synapses are not quite firing at full power, hypothetically of course. And, you still cannot find the rule! The above method is very useful. Anyhow, he probably locked in 3. They are created several ways: As you type a wiki link with jurisprudence between the brackets, a page is created with the word linking to it. Works great for building a dictionary of unfamiliar terms. The image of the TOC at the beginning was created this way. Type the TOC with brackets, and a brief page is created, which you can set as a template. OneNote hyperlinks are linkable to anything: OneNote handles it all in the background, they call it a curtain or some "Oz" like analogy. Also, Instead of saving files in folders, you can save files on OneNote pages. No more searching Windows through a thousand folders and sub folders. They are not linked; they stay were you leave them. To play, just double click like normal. Like MS Word, auto numbering and all that jazz is the same; however, since OneNote uses text boxes, you can move pieces of text around without using cut and paste. The example below is about 20 standard pages. The little boxes to the right of the headings are collapsible. Double clicking them opens up the next level. I find this freaking awesome for testing myself. My outlines are crammed full of minutia, but since they are collapsible - I close them as needed and open if feeling extra ambitious. LinkRemoved Uploaded with ImageShack. Then use the ink to text option. I just bought my first Tablet PC today, and thus far, I am pleasantly surprised with how good it works. One click from scrawl to readable text in a second. My handwriting is bad. I believe it took twenty minutes to write the LSAT certification statement.

## Chapter 2 : Beginner's guide for law students in SearchWorks catalog

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Your future success on whichever course you are studying depends on your ability to understand, explain and apply the law. There is a wide variety of choice for legal textbooks and students can be overwhelmed with options. The pressure to purchase the textbook recommended in your module reading list is not insignificant, however, it is possible that the textbook recommended to you does not help you learn. During my time as a student I put textbooks into three different classifications according to the level at which they were pitched: Intermediate built on introductory by adding more layers of complexity, both in terms of content and how it was pitched. Advanced built on intermediate by pitching it at the highest level possible: This was infinitely valuable because accurately judging the level of the book, and my understanding of the module, were tied together. If I was fairly confident in my understanding, I could choose a book at intermediate or advanced difficulty and build on my knowledge. If it was a subject with which I struggled, then I needed to appropriately adjust my reading material. There would be no reason to start reading an advanced or intermediate textbook because it would not sink in. An introductory textbook was necessary first. Routledge Publishing have released a series of books called Beginning the Law aimed at students who are looking for a book to give an introductory view across the subjects of Constitutional Law, Contract Law, Criminal Law, and Equity and Trusts. The Beginning the Law series has several key features. It attempts to break down each subject, providing a glossary of terms and definitions as you go, so that the content is manageable and easy to understand. There are questions to make you think about the law that you are reading about, how it applies and, hopefully, prompting you to think critically over whether the law should function in that way. Cases are summarised, reducing them down to the most critically important facts and defining the principle, or ratio, that the case established in a clear, easy to understand way. There is a companion website that offers more content, such as essay questions and brief answers as well as links to news articles and references to journal articles. At present, the Contract and Criminal Law companion websites appear to have more content than the Constitutional and Equity and Trust websites. The series achieves its aim of breaking down information by keeping it clear and concise. The writing style is uncomplicated and the words used are appropriately pitched for the audience which the book is aimed at. The questions are intended to make you think about what you have just read, pushing you towards attempting to resolve the question and improve your understanding of the subject material. If you skim over the questions, then obviously you will not receive the benefit of them. If you use the book as you should and think about the questions posed, then they should help you a understand what you have read; and b help you think about how the law is applied and analyse scenarios correctly so you know which cases apply and which cases do not. When I first sat down with the Beginning the Law series, I was impressed with how light they were. The books range from to pages, and they adequately give you a summary of each topic which you may be examined on in Contract Law, Constitutional Law, Criminal Law and Equity and Trusts, without flooding the page with content. They are clear and accessible, covering a wide range of examinable topics. The books do not go into a great amount of depth in terms of the judgments. They do not, for example, explain how the judges arrive at their judgment or give an excerpt so that you can see the legal principle as it is written in the case as you would see in a Text, Cases and Materials, but that is because this is an introductory book. Consider that the subject of law is a language. The Beginning the Law series teaches a student enough to be able to start the conversation, leaving other textbooks to build upon its foundations in order to develop conversational fluency.

## Chapter 3 : Beginning the Law - The Student Lawyer

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*Beginner's Guide for Law Students Format Soft Cover ISBN Pages Pages Edition 4th Edition Published About this Publication: Beginner's Guide for Law Students is aimed at students who are exposed to the law for the first time.*

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*Written for students who are being exposed to law for the first time, this guide provides a broad, user-friendly view of the law, illustrated by examples, sketches and diagrams. Emphasis is placed on the practical skills necessary for studying law.*

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## Chapter 9 : Juta - Beginner's Guide for Law Students

*If you think you might be interested in law as a future career, but have little (or no) idea what that really means, The Beginner's Guide to a Career in Law is for you. The guide has been designed with people like you in mind - on the one hand, we've assumed no prior knowledge, while on the.*