

Chapter 1 : National Education Association - Wikipedia

ACEI, Association for Childhood Education International (calendrierdelascience.com) ACTFL, American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (calendrierdelascience.com) AECT, Association for Educational Communications and Technology (calendrierdelascience.com).

Composition[edit] For most of the 20th century, the NEA represented the public school administration in small towns and rural areas. The state organizations played a major role in policy formation for the NEA. After , the NEA reoriented itself to primarily represent the teachers in those districts, rather than just the administrators. It came to resemble the rival American Federation of Teachers AFT , which was a labor union for teachers in larger cities. In the s, more militant politics came to characterize the NEA. It created the NEA Political Action Committee to engage in local election campaigns, and it began endorsing political candidates who supported its policy goals. State NEA branches became less important as the national and local levels began direct and unmediated relationships. These categories are eligible to vote in the union, though the union lists some comparatively marginal categories which are not eligible to vote: Part of the dues remain with the local affiliate the district association , a portion goes to the state association, and a portion is given to the national association. The NEA returned 39 percent of dues money back to state affiliates in They emphasized the education of students in terms of health, a command of fundamental processes, worthy home membership, vocation, citizenship, worthy use of leisure, and ethical character. They Emphasized life adjustment and reflected the social efficiency model of progressive education. In , it argued that tenure: NEA has played a role in politics since its founding, as it has sought to influence state and federal laws that would affect public education. The extent to which the NEA and its state and local affiliates engage in political activities, especially during election cycles, has been a source of controversy. Women play increasing leadership roles in NEA. NEA "Commission on the Emergency in Education", with George Strayer as chairman, Warns that the evidence from the wartime draft shows millions of potential soldiers were illiterate or poorly educated, and often in bad health. The NEA study said the cause was very low quality rural schools in the South, badly trained teachers, and inequitable financing. Many states, however, started setting minimal standards for rural schools. NEA starts to promote state pension plans for teachers; by , every state had a pension plan in effect. The main NEA goal during this period was to raise teacher salaries, raise standards, and to gain a cabinet-level U. Success on the cabinet issue came in Its main goal was for Congress to pass a multipurpose public finance bill that would supplement local property taxes in funding public schools. Some relief money was used to build schools, but the New Deal avoided channeling any of it through the Office of Education. Legislation never succeeded, because it would condone segregated schools in the South and because Roosevelt rejected any across-the-board program. He believed that federal money should only go to the poorest schools, and none to rich states. NEA successfully lobbied Congress for special funding for public schools near military bases. NEA lobbied for the G. Bill , a law that provided a range of benefits for returning World War II veterans. NEA lobbies for passage of the Bilingual Education Act , with federal funding for Spanish-language education in public schools. NEA accounted for 90 percent of the contracts and 61 percent of the teachers. State affiliates become powerful lobbyists. NEA lobbies for passage of a federal retirement equity law that provides the means to end sex discrimination against women in retirement funds. NEA delegates to the Representative Assembly pass a resolution that opposes discriminatory treatment of same-sex couples. The NEA asserts itself as "non-partisan", but critics point out that the NEA has endorsed and provided support for every Democratic presidential nominee from Jimmy Carter to Barack Obama and has never endorsed any Republican or third party candidate for the presidency. Clinton accepted the endorsement in person. Res 59; th Congress. With the modern scrutiny placed on teacher misconduct, particularly regarding sexual abuse, the NEA has been criticized for its failure to crack down on abusive teachers. From an Associated Press investigation, former NEA President Reg Weaver commented, "Students must be protected from sexual predators and abuse, and teachers must be protected from false accusations. Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals case *Fields v.* The case originated when some Florida elementary school students were administered a school survey containing

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sexual questions. Parents, who had not been told the survey would contain questions of a sexual nature, brought the case forward. In a case brought before the U. Supreme Court Davenport v.

Chapter 2 : AASA | The School Superintendents Association

The Association of American Educators (AAE) is the largest national, non-union, professional educators' organization, advancing the profession by offering a modern approach to teacher representation and educational advocacy, as well as promoting professionalism, collaboration and excellence without a partisan agenda.

Chapter 3 : Member Benefits

This page provides hypertext links to professional associations for teachers, teachers-in-training, graduate students, and educational researchers. Please note that this is a selected (not comprehensive) list of organizations. Good luck with your search! -- Jan A.

Chapter 4 : AESA - Association of Educational Service Agencies

Early Education Spotlited in Races for Governor. Preschool programs have emerged as a surprising but significant theme in several gubernatorial races across the nation as candidates address the link between early childhood education and future student achievement.

Chapter 5 : ASCD Membership

The American Educational Research Association (AERA), founded in , is concerned with improving the educational process by encouraging scholarly inquiry related to education and evaluation and by promoting the dissemination and practical application of research results.

Chapter 6 : ASCD: Professional Learning & Community for Educators

The National Student Clearinghouse offers innovative solutions that meet the unique needs of organizations working in or supporting the education industry.

Chapter 7 : Home - EdTA - Educational Theatre Association

To submit other educational associations, contact eqdev@calendrierdelascience.com for consideration.

Chapter 8 : calendrierdelascience.com - The Official Website of the Connecticut Education Association

C. Campaign for High School Equity (CHSE) calendrierdelascience.com Connecticut Avenue NW, Suite Washington, DC Phone: Career Academy Support Network (CASN).

Chapter 9 : Florida Education Association

AASA, The School Superintendents Association advocates for equitable access for all students to the highest quality public education, and develops and supports school system leaders. Leaders Matter Campaign.