

DOWNLOAD PDF EUROPEAN COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Chapter 1 : LivAGE – Ammonia & Greenhouse Gas Emission from Animal Production Housing COST Action

European Cooperation in Science and Technology (COST) is Europe's longest-running intergovernmental framework for cooperation in science and technology. Founded in 1975, COST holds a successful history of funding science and technology networks for over 40 years, offering scientists the opportunity to embark upon bottom-up, multidisciplinary.

To respond to the challenge, the network needs not only coordination in working as a team, but also in gathering a critical mass of participants researchers, engineers, scholars and other stakeholders around the science and technology topic in question. Achieving these objectives turns COST Actions from initially scattered groups into one transnational team and leverages the existing funded research. These are the tools through which eligible activities can be funded by COST. Please refer to the following link for further information: [Outputs can be, among other, codified knowledge, tacit knowledge, technology, and societal applications: Knowledge expressed through language including mathematics, music etc. Not formalised knowledge, resulting from the participation in the COST Action networking activities and the social interaction among its members that can also be re- invested in other contexts. Knowledge embedded in artefacts either ready to use or not, such as machinery or software, new materials or modified organisms etc. Use of any kind of knowledge codified, tacit, technology to perform specific tasks. If stakeholders are not involved, then societal applications may only be considered as possible future impacts resulting from the envisaged outputs, rather than direct Action outputs e. Action deliverables are used to measure the Action progress and success. They are needed at intermediary stages so that, if problems have arisen, corrective measures can be taken. Each individual involved in the evaluation, selection and approval of proposals shall have only one role in the evaluation, selection and approval of a COST Action and may not take any benefit from any Action approved under the particular Collection Date they participated in. The table below summarizes the cases of Conflict of Interest. The COST Association has the right to take the lead in any resolution process of a CoI situation at any moment of the evaluation and selection. All cases of CoI must be recorded. Failure to declare the CoI may have the following consequences: Under no circumstances should the proposers contact any of the actors involved in the SESA process regarding their proposal. Any attempt to do so may lead to immediate exclusion of the proposal from the process. Independent External Experts carry out the remote peer-review evaluation. They are identified, selected and assigned to proposals on the basis of their scientific and technological expertise necessary for the evaluation of proposals. This step uses double-blind peer review, which means the identity of both experts and proposers is kept confidential from each other. Each proposal is evaluated by a minimum of three independent External Experts. One of the experts is appointed Rapporteur, with the responsibility to coordinate the preparation and submission of the Consensus Report. Following the submission of the individual evaluations, a consensus is sought among the External Experts remotely and a Consensus Report is drafted. Consensus shall not be imposed and External Experts may maintain their views on the proposal. In the cases where no consensus is reached, the three Individual Evaluation Reports will be sent to the ad hoc Review Panels who are in charge of the quality check and resolution of discrepancies. The Individual Evaluation Reports are structured as follows: The overall threshold to access to the selection stage is also indicated. Only for registered users.](#)

Chapter 2 : Urban agriculture – Europe's untapped potential

Pan-European network for the coordination of research activities Page Content COST promotes Europe-wide scientific cooperation and coordination between various national research activities.

Chapter 3 : European Cooperation in Science and Technology - Wikipedia

DOWNLOAD PDF EUROPEAN COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

We would like to show you a description here but the site won't allow us.

Chapter 4 : European Cooperation in Science and Technology - COST - Issuu

The nature of science has changed. It has become interconnected, collaborative, multidisciplinary and data-intensive. The European Cooperation in Science and Technology (COST) has been a building.

Chapter 5 : COST: European Cooperation in Science and Technology | EU Projects Office

COST - European Cooperation in Science and Technology, Brussels, Belgium. 7, likes " talking about this " were here.

Chapter 6 : European Cooperation in Science and Technology (COST) | Australian Academy of Science

European Cooperation in Science and Technology (COST) Status. The Academy wishes to advise that there will not be a call for applications for this program for the financial years and

Chapter 7 : COST - European Cooperation in Science and Technology - SNF

European Cooperation in Science and Technology (COST) is Europe's longest-running intergovernmental framework for cooperation in science and technology. Founded in , COST holds a successful history of funding science and technology networks for over 40 years, offering scientists the opportunity to embark upon bottom-up, multidisciplinary cooperation across all science and technology domains.

Chapter 8 : COST - European Cooperation in Science and Technology | FFG

COST (European Cooperation in Science and Technology) The COST Domain on Forests, their Products and Services (FPS) has the mission to promote research along the whole forest-wood-chain by providing a platform for effectively coordinating nationally-funded research activities in the areas of forestry, wood technology, and pulp and paper.

Chapter 9 : COST | European Cooperation in Science and Technology

COST is an intergovernmental framework funding networking activities such as meetings, conferences, workshops, short-term scientific exchanges and dissemination activities.