

Chapter 1 : The Vision of Creation Commentary - The Book of Genesis

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Most early Church Fathers accepted Mosaic authorship. There have obviously been some editorial additions to the Torah seemingly, to make the ancient work more understandable to contemporary readers, which was a characteristic of Egyptian scribes: Ancient scribes were highly trained and educated. Their techniques, however, differed from country to country: Here is an ancient Sumerian scribal footnote: The scribes at Qumran i. Dead Sea Scrolls followed this approach. Scholars of the 19th century theorized that the Torah is a composite document from many sources over an extended period of time Graff-Wellhausen. This theory was based on: Supposed sources and dates: E source use of Elohim from northern Israel - b. JE combined - b. P source priestly rewrite of OT, especially ritual and procedure - b. There have obviously been editorial additions to the Torah. Harrison, Introduction to the Old Testament, pp. Usually a general description is given, followed by a specific account i. This may have been a way to accent truths or help oral memory. Encyclopedia of Bible Difficulties by Gleason L. Introduction to the Old Testament, R. The evidence from ancient near eastern literature implies that Moses used written cuneiform documents or Mesopotamian style patriarchal oral traditions to write Genesis. This in no way means to imply a lessening of inspiration but is an attempt to explain the literary phenomenon of the book of Genesis cf. The exact literary formation of the Pentateuch is uncertain. His writings have been updated by later scribes. The historicity and trustworthiness of these first few books of the OT have been illustrated by modern archaeology. There is an emerging theory that there were scribes in different parts of Israel working on different parts of the Pentateuch at the same time under the direction of Samuel cf. This theory was first proposed by E. The approximate date would be b. The basis for this is 1. The early events of Genesis are true historical events possibly historical drama but undatable by current available knowledge. However, I also believe in the special creation of Adam and Eve at a much later period. It seems to me that Genesis is presented in some type of "historical" framework, but the historical aspect is fuzzy at the beginning i. If this framework is to be maintained then Adam is a modern Homo sapien and not a more primitive Homo erectus. If this is true then there must be an evolutionary development in hominids cf. I am not completely comfortable with this, but it is the best I can do with my current understanding of the Bible and science. It must be remembered when studying Genesis that the historical events are recorded by Moses who led the people of God out of Egypt in either 1 b. Therefore, either by oral tradition, unknown written sources, or direct divine revelation, Moses records "how it all began" focusing on "who" and "why," not "how" and "when"! This commentary Genesis was originally written in I struggled greatly with the relationship between Gen. A new book by John H. This book by Walton is a paradigm shift in thinking about Genesis 1 as relating to the origins of function, not the material origins of the universe. It is truly an eye-opener. It has convinced me of a new way to view this crucial text that bypasses the debate over science vs. I highly recommend the book to you! Other Biblical books 1. Creation - Psalms 8; 19; 33; 50; ; and the NT cf. Earliest known literary parallel of the cultural setting of Genesis is the Ebla cuneiform tablets from northern Syria dating about b. There are seven cuneiform tablets written in Akkadian that describe creation by Marduk. These two gods tried to silence the younger gods. He formed the earth and sky from her body. Hoerth, says that the seal is now interpreted as referring to prostitution. This is a good example of how artifacts from the past are interpreted differently by individuals and through time. This particular piece of evidence must be re-evaluated. Creation and Flood - The Atrahasis Epic records the rebellion of the lesser gods because of overwork and the creation of seven human couples from clay, blood, and saliva to perform the duties of these lesser gods. Humans were destroyed because of: Human beings were reduced in number by a plague, two famines and finally a flood, planned by Enlil. Atrahasis builds a boat and brings animals on board in order to save them from the waters. All are in Akkadian. A Sumerian tablet from Nippur, called Eridu Genesis, dating from about b. A composite Babylonian flood account from four Sumerian tablets, known as the Gilgamesh Epic originally dating from about b. It tells about a flood survivor, Utnapishtim, who tells

Gilgamesh, the king of Uruk, how he survived the great flood and was granted eternal life. The Mesopotamian literature which describes an ancient flood are all drawing from the same source. The names often vary, but the plot is the same. An example is that Zivusudra, Atrahasis and Utnapishtim all represent the same human king. These true historical core memories have been elaborated and mythologicalized into the current flood accounts common throughout the world. The same can also be said not only of creation Gen. Mari tablets - cuneiform legal Ammonite culture and personal texts in Akkadian from about b. Nuzi tablets - cuneiform archives of certain families Horite or Hurrian culture written in Akkadian from about miles SE of Nineveh about b. They record family and business procedures. For further specific examples, see John H. Alalak tablets - cuneiform texts from Northern Syria from about b. Some of the names found in Genesis are recorded as place names in the Mari Tablets: Serug, Peleg, Terah, and Nahor. Other biblical names were also common: Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Laban, and Joseph. This shows that biblical names fit this time and place. K Harrison, *Biblical Criticism*, p 5. Archaeology has proven to be so helpful in establishing the historicity of the Bible. However, a word of caution is necessary. Archaeology is not an absolutely trustworthy guide because of a. Egyptian creation accounts can be found in John H. In Egyptian literature, creation began with an unstructured, chaotic, primeval water. Creation was seen as a developing structure hill out of watery chaos. In Egyptian literature from Memphis, creation occurred by the spoken word of Ptah. Each of the major cities of Egypt had separate traditions emphasizing their patron deities. He asserts and I agree that it is not so much who copied who but the general cultural consensus of the whole ANE about the unity of the "natural" and "supernatural."

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At the center of the dramatic story of Joseph is a man of unshakeable faith and integrity whom God used to preserve a nation. The example of his life and trust in God - even in the most difficult circumstances - encourages us as we face the drama of our own lives today.9 Lessons.

Chapter 3 : C. C Crawford: List of Books by Author C. C Crawford

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Chapter 4 : Abbreviations for Books of the Bible - Logos Bible Software

Bible Study Textbook, College Press, Joplin, Missouri HOW TO USE THIS WEB SITE: This web site is divided into 21 main sites as represented by the twenty one yellow buttons on the top of each page. The user can surf from one main site to another using these bottoms.

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Genesis III (Thru the Bible) McGee, J. Vernon. This site uses cookies to store information on your computer. See our cookie policy for further details on their usage and how to block them.

Chapter 6 : World Wide Study Bible: Genesis - Christian Classics Ethereal Library

PAC57 Bible Study Textbook Series, College Press (38 Volumes) Isaiah III, by Paul T. Butler, pages Life Study of the Bible, by Witness Lee, Genesis (3.

Chapter 7 : How Sin Came In Commentary - The Book of Genesis

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Genesis III as a whole, verse 7 has received relatively scant attention (particularly from specialists in Biblical exegesis), possibly for a somewhat paradoxical reason.

Chapter 8 : World Wide Study Bible: Numbers - Christian Classics Ethereal Library

Workbook on Genesis Page #4 Bible Study Questions on Genesis Introduction: This workbook was designed for Bible class study, family study, or personal study.

Chapter 9 : The New Life Mission - Free Christian Books

Expositions of Holy Scripture: Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus and Numbers (calendrierdelascience.com) â€” MacLaren, Alexander () Expositor's Bible: The Book of Numbers (xix) â€” Watson, Robert Alexander ().