

Chapter 1 : Dear Leader review – a telling account of the madness of North Korea | Books | The Guardian

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This year is Juche With Kim Jong Un poised to extend the Kim family dynasty into an additional generation, North Korea is quickly building the mythology by emphasizing his bloodline and the Kim family legacy, from its roots as revolutionaries fighting the Japanese to their spiritual role as protectors of the North Korean people. Soviet records, however, reportedly indicate Kim Jong Il was born a year earlier in Siberia. The first time he bowled, Kim Jong-il scored a perfect , according to North Korean media. Similarly, in his first-ever round of golf, he had five hole-in one holes for under par round. The account of his death was just as mythic. His obituary in state media called him the "illustrious commander born of heaven," and on Wednesday, KCNA said a Manchurian crane spotted in the city of Hamhung circled a statue of Kim Il Sung for hours before dropping its head and taking off toward Pyongyang. The crane is a traditional Korean symbol of longevity. The mythmaking for Kim Jong Un has begun as well, with an editorial in the Rodong Sinmun newspaper calling him "born of heaven. That would make for a mystic convergence of numbers: Portraits of the two late leaders feature prominently in every building in North Korea, father and son side by side or standing together in colorful portraits, murals and larger-than-life mosaics interspersed in every village and city across the country. Similar portraits of the next leader, Kim Jong Un, have not been revealed, though his name has begun appearing in recent months on plaques commemorating visits and offering blessings to all three leaders. North Koreans are never far from their leaders: Recent slogans focus on construction and the economy, such as: North Korea has only one state-run TV channel, which shows cartoons in the late afternoon, the news, and soap operas and films in the evening. The Korean Central News Agency [http: Some North Koreans say they were moved to tears after seeing Kim Jong Un for the first time last year because he so resembled his grandfather. North Korean state media this week have referred to him as "Outstanding Leader. In , a new section was added paying homage to ally China that featured somersaulting panda bears. The footsteps of our General Kim! In October, young women in traditional Korean dresses and men in Western-style suits danced to the song, clapping their hands above their heads and stomping around the plaza in front of a huge hammer-and-sickle monument. While North Koreans learn many of the same traditional Korean songs as children in the South – such as the popular folk tune "Arirang" – they have their own patriotic tunes, including "Song of Gen.](http://www.kcna.co.jp)

Chapter 2 : Kim Jong-Un takes father's title of Dear Leader - Telegraph

Great Leader, Dear Leader is an absorbing expose of North Korea under the Kim clan - Great Leader Kim Il Sung and his son, Dear Leader Kim Jong Il. It traces the origin of the regime's ideology and investigates its attempts to fill the empty state coffers through missile technology sales and other unorthodox schemes.

Among those duties was the work on the Annals of the Kim Dynasty, where Jang notes, was written by writers and poets and not historians. As part of the protected, privileged, inner circle Jang did not experience the extreme poverty personally, but did encounter it on his trip back to his hometown Dear Leader: As part of the protected, privileged, inner circle Jang did not experience the extreme poverty personally, but did encounter it on his trip back to his hometown. Most of what happens in North Korea, stays in North Korea. With only twenty-four embassies, there is little intelligence gathering throughout the country. The people have limited access to the media, all of it state owned. North Korea, poor, but with a government capable of monitoring daily lives and activities of its citizens. What it cannot monitor it enforces by threat. Prison camps and sentences for entire families three generations are not out of the norm and can be imposed for seemingly minor offences. That carried the death penalty. Jang manages to escape with the friend he loaned the book to and is better prepared to defect than most North Koreans. Once out of North Korea and in China they find that the previous privilege has no benefit in trying to get to South Korea or South Korean help. Throughout his escape he tells those who help him stories of what he witnessed and experienced in North Korea. The main problem he has getting to the right people. But ordinary North Koreans are seen as a threat to legal Korean communities in China. There is also an interesting experience with Chinese Christian organizations and churches -- which were instrumental in helping Latin American refugees in the 1980s. I have read several books on North Korea and was a bit skeptical about this one. Several defectors have told stories of tremendous hardship and cruelty at the hands of the government or simply of government neglect when the times became difficult. It is with these experiences that people are able to make their case for asylum. South Korea accepts all defectors but the most practical way to escape is through China and then on to the South Korean embassy in Mongolia. Chinese guards the entrance to the South Korean Embassy checking passport of those trying to enter. Jang does not disclose how he was able to enter the South Korean compound, but a careful reader or a person familiar with international law will easily figure it out. All in all a great book and a great story. I did have a difficult time, at first, feeling any sympathy for a man in the inner circle of North Korean power who probably would have remained in his privileged position had his friend not lost a book. Jang, however, does come across as an honest person and sincere in his writing. A very good read about a country little real information is known about.

Chapter 3 : Great leader, dear leader | Arab News

Great Leader, Dear Leader is an absorbing expose of North Korea under the Kim clan--Great Leader Kim Il Sung and his son, Dear Leader Kim Jong Il. It traces the origin of the regime's ideology and investigates its attempts to fill the empty state coffers through missile technology sales and other unorthodox schemes.

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Midwestern farmers hooked on new erotic novel "50 Shades of Hay" Study:

Chapter 4 : Great Leader, Dear Leader: Demystifying North Korea Under the Kim Clan by Bertil Lintner

Aug 20, 2012. In the living room of every North Korean home, near the framed photographs of the Great Leader and the Dear Leader that hang in virtually every room in the country, a small box juts out from the wall.

[5] [6] [7] in in the village of Vyatskoye , near Khabarovsk , [8] where his father, Kim Il-sung , commanded the 1st Battalion of the Soviet 88th Brigade, [9] made up of Chinese and Korean exiles. He attended Primary School No. He pursued a programme of anti-factionalism and attempted to encourage greater ideological education among his classmates. Foreign commentators suspect that Kim Pyong-il was sent to these distant posts by his father in order to avoid a power struggle between his two sons. He was given senior posts in the Presidium , the Military Commission and the party Secretariat. Prior to , he had no public profile and was referred to only as the "Party Centre". Kim Jong-il was regularly hailed by the media as the "fearless leader" and "the great successor to the revolutionary cause". He emerged as the most powerful figure behind his father in North Korea. The only other possible leadership candidate, Prime Minister Kim Il no relation , was removed from his posts in In , radio broadcasts started referring to him as the "Dear Father", instead of the "Dear Leader", suggesting a promotion. His 50th birthday in February was the occasion for massive celebrations, exceeded only by those for the 80th birthday of Kim Il-sung himself on 15 April that same year. According to defector Hwang Jang-yop , the North Korean government system became even more centralized and autocratic during the s and s under Kim Jong-il than it had been under his father. In one example explained by Hwang, although Kim Il-sung required his ministers to be loyal to him, he nonetheless and frequently sought their advice during decision-making. In contrast, Kim Jong-il demanded absolute obedience and agreement from his ministers and party officials with no advice or compromise, and he viewed any slight deviation from his thinking as a sign of disloyalty. According to Hwang, Kim Jong-il personally directed even minor details of state affairs, such as the size of houses for party secretaries and the delivery of gifts to his subordinates. South Korea accused Kim of ordering the bombing in Rangoon , Burma which killed 17 visiting South Korean officials, including four cabinet members, and another in which killed all on board Korean Air Flight Kim was named Chairman of the National Defence Commission on 9 April , [29] making him day-to-day commander of the armed forces. Kim Jong-il commanded the armed forces, Choe Yong-rim headed the government and handled domestic affairs and Kim Yong-nam handled foreign relations. However, in practice Kim Jong-il exercised absolute control over the government and the country. In addition, North Korea experienced severe floods in the mids, exacerbated by poor land management. Faced with a country in decay, Kim adopted a "Military-First" policy to strengthen the country and reinforce the regime. As a result of the new policy, the Kaesong Industrial Park was constructed in just north of the de-militarized zone. In , after a meeting with Madeleine Albright , he agreed to a moratorium on missile construction. North Korean cult of personality A North Korean voting booth containing portraits of Kim Il-sung and Kim Jong-il under the national flag below the portraits is the ballot box Kim Jong-il was the focus of an elaborate personality cult inherited from his father and founder of the DPRK, Kim Il-sung. On his 60th birthday based on his official date of birth , mass celebrations occurred throughout the country on the occasion of his Hwangap. Shigemura moreover claimed a voiceprint analysis of Kim speaking in did not match a known earlier recording. It was also noted that Kim Jong-il did not appear in public for the Olympic torch relay in Pyongyang on 28 April The question had reportedly "baffled foreign intelligence agencies for years". He had last been seen in public a month earlier. North Korean media remained silent on the issue. Analysts said this meant "the military may have taken the upper hand and that Kim might no longer be wielding absolute authority". By 10 September, there were conflicting reports. Unidentified South Korean government officials said Kim had undergone surgery after suffering a minor stroke and had apparently "intended to attend 9 September event in the afternoon but decided not to because of the aftermath of the surgery". High-ranking North Korean official Kim Yong-nam said, "While we wanted to celebrate the 60th anniversary of the country with general secretary Kim Jong-II, we celebrated on our own". Kim will require a long period of rest and rehabilitation before he fully recovers and has complete command of his limbs again, as with typical stroke victims". He was apparently

conscious "but he needs some time to recuperate from the recent stroke, with some parts of his hands and feet paralyzed". It cited Chinese sources which claimed that one cause for the stroke could have been stress brought about by the United States delay to remove North Korea from its list of state sponsors of terrorism. Aso further said a French neurosurgeon was aboard a plane for Beijing, en route to North Korea. Roux said Kim suffered few lasting effects. Shown with his usual bouffant hairstyle, with his trademark sunglasses and a white winter parka, Kim stood in front of trees with autumn foliage and a red-and-white banner. This was the first time Kim was seen in public since August. He was unanimously re-elected and given a standing ovation. He entered the country via his personal train on 3 May and stayed in a hotel in Dalian. Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs Kurt Campbell told South Korean officials that Kim had only three years to live, according to medical information that had been compiled. His two known daughters are Kim Sul-song and Kim Yo-jong. She was handpicked by his father and married to him in . They have a girl called Kim Hye-kyung , [] who was born in . Soon, they divorced in . She was already married to another man and with a child when they met. This relationship, started in , was not officially recognized. Kim kept both the relationship and the child a secret even from his father until he ascended to power in . His father Kim Il-Sung handpicked her to marry his son. Kim had a daughter from this marriage, Kim Sul-song born . As he explains, their roles were limited to that of romance and domesticity. Like his father, Kim had a fear of flying [] and always travelled by private armored train for state visits to Russia and China. It was reported in that Kim Jong-il had a huge porn film collection". The report, compiled by Frederick L. Coolidge and Daniel L. Note his iconic dark sunglasses, which he often wore. The Sunday Telegraph reported that most of the money was in banks in Luxembourg.

Chapter 5 : Obama Bust Going To Mount Rushmore!

Great leader, dear leader The previous year proved to be a tumultuous year for the entire world. Terrorism, economic problems, political turmoil and wars remained in the headlines during much of.

Jawhar January 12, The previous year proved to be a tumultuous year for the entire world. Terrorism, economic problems, political turmoil and wars remained in the headlines during much of the year. Being an integral part of the international community, Saudi Arabia is naturally not immune to the effects of the events unfolding at the regional and global level. Despite all the negativity across the region, thanks to the wise leadership of Saudi Arabia the country continues to remain an island of peace and tranquility amid all the chaos in its neighborhood. The Kingdom is doing its best to ward off Iranian meddling in the Arab world. It goes without saying that Iranian interference is harmful to the Arab world, as Tehran is leaving no stone unturned to divide the region along sectarian lines. Saudi Arabia has, under King Salman, for the first time assumed a proactive position at the regional and global level. Such a strong stance is a must to protect the integrity of the Arab world. There is no better time than now to have a strong king and a strong vision of the role that the Kingdom must play in the region. King Salman provides that much-needed strength. Following his ascension to the throne a year ago, there were many questions as to where he would lead the country. What we have learned is that King Salman is quick to act. He is not only continuing the progressive policies of his wise predecessors, but he also has taken an aggressive attitude to root out corruption. A case in point is the recent incident involving a wealthy resident who had closed a service road on Sari Street in Jeddah to prevent motorists from driving in front of his villa. When the government caught wind of the closure “ thanks to a social media campaign ” it ordered the service road reopened and fined the resident millions of Saudi riyals. King Salman has proven that if our sovereignty is threatened and there is willful refusal to respond to diplomacy then we can and will use the sword. The Kingdom has the power of a peacemaker but it balances that peacemaking with military power to protect its soil and the soil of its neighbors. Since the day, King Salman became the ruler he has been taking special measures to ensure empowerment of the youth. The appointment of Prince Mohammed bin Salman as the deputy crown prince is a testimony to the fact that the king wants the younger generation to play a key role in the overall development of the country. In addition to that, the king is tackling our economic challenges by implementing policies to add revenue to the national budget. Taxes and raising gasoline and energy prices may hurt our pocketbook in the short term, but will only strengthen our economy in the long term and help wean us from oil revenue. The Muslim world is in crisis. The region is in crisis. The West is paralyzed in how to stamp out Daesh and restore peace to Syria and Iraq. The West has an obligation to restore that peace, but it is obvious to the international community that nations must take more aggressive steps to stabilize the region. Saudi Arabia is beginning to pick up the pieces and it has started with Yemen.

Chapter 6 : Great Leader, Dear Leader - Pattaya Mail

Kim Il-sung was known to North Koreans as the "Great Leader." His son and successor Kim Jong-il was "Dear Leader." Will the next successor, Kim Jong-un, be a Great Leader, a Dear Leader.

Chapter 7 : Kim Jong-il: Legendary golfer and mythical powers even in death - calendrierdelascience.com

Kim Jong-il was regularly hailed by the media as the "fearless leader" and "the great successor to the revolutionary cause". He emerged as the most powerful figure behind his father in North Korea. On 24 December , Kim was also named Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army.

Chapter 8 : North Korea's Dear Respected Comrade leader gets a new title | Reuters

Kim Jong-un has adopted the title "Dear Leader" that was previously affected by his father as the North Korean propaganda machine builds up the cult of personality around the young dictator.

Chapter 9 : List of Kim Jong-il's titles - Wikipedia

When Kim Jong-il, former leader of North Korea, is mentioned in North Korean media and publications, he is not simply addressed by name. At least one special title is used, and his name is emphasised by a special bold font, for example: "The great leader Comrade Kim Jong-il provides on-the-spot guidance to the Ragwon Machine Complex."