

## Chapter 1 : PIECES OF TEACHING: MY CAT LIKES TO HIDE IN BOXES

*Cats from many different countries may like to do all kinds of strange and exotic things like fly aeroplanes, or sing and dance, or even play the violin - but my cat, an ordinary round-the-house cat, likes to hide in boxes.*

Modern childrens literature is classified in two different ways, genre or the age of the reader. Childrens literature can be traced to stories and songs, part of an oral tradition. The development of childrens literature, before printing was invented, is difficult to trace. Even after printing became widespread, many childrens tales were originally created for adults. Since the 15th century, a quantity of literature, often with a moral or religious message, has been aimed specifically at children. The late nineteenth and early centuries became known as the Golden Age of Childrens Literature as this period included the publication of many books acknowledged today as classics. There is no single or widely used definition of childrens literature and it can be broadly defined as anything that children read or more specifically defined as fiction, non-fiction, poetry, or drama intended for and used by children and young people. Rowlings Harry Potter series was written and marketed for young adults, the series extreme popularity led The New York Times to create a separate best-seller list for childrens books. Despite the widespread association of childrens literature with picture books, spoken narratives existed before printing, Seth Lerer, in the opening of *Childrens Literature, A Readers History from Aesop to Harry Potter*, says, This book presents a history of what children have heard and read. The history I write of is a history of reception, early childrens literature consisted of spoken stories, songs, and poems that were used to educate, instruct, and entertain children. It was only in the 18th century, with the development of the concept of childhood, that a genre of childrens literature began to emerge, with its own divisions, expectations. He explains that children were in the past not considered as different from adults and were not given significantly different treatment. Pre-modern childrens literature, therefore, tended to be of a didactic and moralistic nature, with the purpose of conveying conduct-related, educational, during the 17th century, the concept of childhood began to emerge in Europe. Adults saw children as separate beings, innocent and in need of protection, the English philosopher John Locke developed his theory of the tabula rasa in his *An Essay Concerning Human Understanding*. A corollary of this doctrine was that the mind of the child was born blank, and he also suggested that picture books be created for children.<sup>2</sup> Since the s it has been among the largest publishers of books in the UK. Lane saw the potential, and the first of the book series were published the following year. The name Puffin was a companion to the existing Penguin. Many continued to be reprinted right into the s, a fiction list soon followed, when Puffin secured the paperback rights to Barbara Euphan Todds story *Worzel Gummidge* and brought it out as the first Puffin story book in *Lewis and Charlottes Web* by E. White, many different genres featured in the list, e. In , Kaye Webb became Puffins second editor, as a boom began in childrens publishing, the books were promoted with flair through the Puffin Club, started by Kaye Webb in with the promise to Allen Lane that It will make children into book readers. The range of *Picture Puffins*, introduced in the late s for younger children, the s saw Puffin taking full advantage of popular culture with film tie-in publishing, forming close links with Disney and other production companies. It was at time that Steve Jackson and Ian Livingstone introduced the concept of adventure gamebooks to Puffin which grew into the *Fighting Fantasy* phenomenon. The s also saw the launch of the *Puffin Plus* line of adult fiction. In , the young adult line was relaunched as *Razorbill*, *Puffin Post* was a childrens books magazine published by Puffin Books. It was launched in by Kaye Webb, editor of Puffin Books and it declined after Webb retired in , but was relaunched in through the bookseller *The Book People* as a bi-monthly magazine. So much is done online and through media, and Penguin and Puffin are very good at that. *Puffin Post* is an expensive way of getting to consumers. The magazine contained a mix of stories, jokes, interviews, competitions and quizzes, at its height, it had more than , readers. An ISBN is assigned to each edition and variation of a book, for example, an e-book, a paperback and a hardcover edition of the same book would each have a different ISBN. The ISBN is 13 digits long if assigned on or after 1 January , the method of assigning an ISBN is nation-based and varies from country to country, often depending on how large the publishing industry is within a country. Occasionally, a book may appear without a printed ISBN if it is

printed privately or the author does not follow the usual ISBN procedure, however, this can be rectified later. For example, the edition of *Mr. Reeder Returns*, published by Hodder in , has SBN indicating the publisher, their serial number. An ISBN is assigned to each edition and variation of a book, for example, an ebook, a paperback, and a hardcover edition of the same book would each have a different ISBN. The ISBN is 13 digits long if assigned on or after 1 January , a digit ISBN can be separated into its parts, and when this is done it is customary to separate the parts with hyphens or spaces. Separating the parts of a digit ISBN is also done with either hyphens or spaces, figuring out how to correctly separate a given ISBN number is complicated, because most of the parts do not use a fixed number of digits. Some ISBN registration agencies are based in national libraries or within ministries of culture, in other cases, the ISBN registration service is provided by organisations such as bibliographic data providers that are not government funded. In the United Kingdom, United States, and some countries, where the service is provided by non-government-funded organisations.

OCLC – The Online Computer Library Center is a US-based nonprofit cooperative organization dedicated to the public purposes of furthering access to the worlds information and reducing information costs. It was founded in as the Ohio College Library Center, OCLC and its member libraries cooperatively produce and maintain WorldCat, the largest online public access catalog in the world. OCLC is funded mainly by the fees that libraries have to pay for its services, the group first met on July 5, on the campus of the Ohio State University to sign the articles of incorporation for the nonprofit organization. The group hired Frederick G. Kilgour, a former Yale University medical school librarian, Kilgour wished to merge the latest information storage and retrieval system of the time, the computer, with the oldest, the library. The goal of network and database was to bring libraries together to cooperatively keep track of the worlds information in order to best serve researchers and scholars. The first library to do online cataloging through OCLC was the Alden Library at Ohio University on August 26, and this was the first occurrence of online cataloging by any library worldwide. Membership in OCLC is based on use of services and contribution of data, between and , OCLC membership was limited to institutions in Ohio, but in , a new governance structure was established that allowed institutions from other states to join. In , the structure was again modified to accommodate participation from outside the United States. As OCLC expanded services in the United States outside of Ohio, it relied on establishing strategic partnerships with networks, organizations that provided training, support, by , there were 15 independent United States regional service providers. WorldCat has holding records from public and private libraries worldwide. The Online Computer Library Center acquired the trademark and copyrights associated with the Dewey Decimal Classification System when it bought Forest Press in , a browser for books with their Dewey Decimal Classifications was available until July , it was replaced by the Classify Service. The reference management service QuestionPoint provides libraries with tools to communicate with users and this around-the-clock reference service is provided by a cooperative of participating global libraries. OCLC has produced cards for members since with its shared online catalog. OCLC commercially sells software, e. In accordance with its mission, OCLC makes its research outcomes known through various publications and these publications, including journal articles, reports, newsletters, and presentations, are available through the organizations website. The most recent publications are displayed first, and all archived resources, membership Reports – A number of significant reports on topics ranging from virtual reference in libraries to perceptions about library funding 5. New Zealand is situated some 1, kilometres east of Australia across the Tasman Sea and roughly 1, kilometres south of the Pacific island areas of New Caledonia, Fiji, because of its remoteness, it was one of the last lands to be settled by humans. During its long period of isolation, New Zealand developed a distinct biodiversity of animal, fungal, the countrys varied topography and its sharp mountain peaks, such as the Southern Alps, owe much to the tectonic uplift of land and volcanic eruptions. Since the s, New Zealand has transformed from an agrarian, Queen Elizabeth II is the countrys head of state and is represented by a governor-general. In addition, New Zealand is organised into 11 regional councils and 67 territorial authorities for local government purposes, the Realm of New Zealand also includes Tokelau, the Cook Islands and Niue, and the Ross Dependency, which is New Zealands territorial claim in Antarctica. Early European maps labelled the islands North, Middle and South, in , maps began to use North and South to distinguish the two largest islands and by , this was the accepted norm. The Irish Sea lies between Great

Britain and Ireland, with an area of , square kilometres, the United Kingdom is the 78th-largest sovereign state in the world and the 11th-largest in Europe. It is also the 21st-most populous country, with an estimated The United Kingdom is a monarchy with a parliamentary system of governance. The United Kingdom consists of four countries—England, Scotland, Wales, the last three have devolved administrations, each with varying powers, based in their capitals, Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast, respectively. The relationships among the countries of the UK have changed over time, Wales was annexed by the Kingdom of England under the Laws in Wales Acts and These are the remnants of the British Empire which, at its height in the s, British influence can be observed in the language, culture and legal systems of many of its former colonies. The UK is considered to have an economy and is categorised as very high in the Human Development Index. It was the worlds first industrialised country and the worlds foremost power during the 19th, the UK remains a great power with considerable economic, cultural, military, scientific and political influence internationally. It is a nuclear weapons state and its military expenditure ranks fourth or fifth in the world. The UK has been a permanent member of the United Nations Security Council since its first session in and it has been a leading member state of the EU and its predecessor, the European Economic Community, since However, on 23 June , a referendum on the UKs membership of the EU resulted in a decision to leave. Canada — Canada is a country in the northern half of North America. Canadas border with the United States is the worlds longest binational land border, the majority of the country has a cold or severely cold winter climate, but southerly areas are warm in summer. Canada is sparsely populated, the majority of its territory being dominated by forest and tundra. It is highly urbanized with 82 per cent of the Various aboriginal peoples had inhabited what is now Canada for thousands of years prior to European colonization. Pursuant to the British North America Act, on July 1,, the colonies of Canada, New Brunswick and this began an accretion of provinces and territories to the mostly self-governing Dominion to the present ten provinces and three territories forming modern Canada. With the Constitution Act , Canada took over authority, removing the last remaining ties of legal dependence on the Parliament of the United Kingdom. Canada is a parliamentary democracy and a constitutional monarchy, with Queen Elizabeth II being the head of state. The country is officially bilingual at the federal level and it is one of the worlds most ethnically diverse and multicultural nations, the product of large-scale immigration from many other countries. Its advanced economy is the eleventh largest in the world, relying chiefly upon its abundant natural resources, Canadas long and complex relationship with the United States has had a significant impact on its economy and culture. Canada is a country and has the tenth highest nominal per capita income globally as well as the ninth highest ranking in the Human Development Index. It ranks among the highest in international measurements of government transparency, civil liberties, quality of life, economic freedom, Canada is an influential nation in the world, primarily due to its inclusive values, years of prosperity and stability, stable economy, and efficient military. While a variety of theories have been postulated for the origins of Canada. In , indigenous inhabitants of the present-day Quebec City region used the word to direct French explorer Jacques Cartier to the village of Stadacona, from the 16th to the early 18th century Canada referred to the part of New France that lay along the St. Upon Confederation in , Canada was adopted as the name for the new country at the London Conference. The transition away from the use of Dominion was formally reflected in with the passage of the Canada Act, later that year, the name of national holiday was changed from Dominion Day to Canada Day 8. Hairy Maclary — Hairy Maclary is the protagonist of twelve books in the series, and a further nine are about his friends. The series has sold five million copies worldwide. His adventures are usually in the company of his animal friends who include the dachshund Schnitzel von Krumm, dalmatian Bottomley Potts. The tomcat Scarface Claw is their formidable opponent, lynley Dodd has not stated what breed of dog Hairy Maclary is, but he has characteristics of a small terrier. The Hairy Maclary books are books that are designed to be shared by an adult reader. The plots are simple, in keeping with the comprehension of the age group for which they are ranged. They generally involve Hairy and his friends in adventurous scenarios pitched against local cats, the animals in this series, unlike the creatures of Beatrix Potters stories, are not given human thoughts and motives. Their actions tell the stories, and reflect their animal natures, each double page has a picture on one side, and writing on the other. The pictures and the written words combine to tell the story, the books have a wide format which enables a child

seated beside an adult to have a full view of the picture page while the adult reads. The text is written in verse that flows easily and has simple rhymes like Bottomley Potts covered in spots.

### Chapter 2 : Lesson 1\_My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes – Sharing Learnings on the Road

*My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes is a very popular New Zealand children's book, which has also attained popularity in the United Kingdom and Canada. It was written by Eve Sutton and Lynley Dodd, cousins-by-law who are both New Zealand-born.*

It will be ready to be ordered within the next week or two. Keep an eye on our Facebook and Twitter accounts for more information. Alternatively, you can check our homepage and the online catalog. The book was first published in 1970. The author and illustrator are cousins who are both from New Zealand. However, Sutton was originally born in England and moved to New Zealand as an adult. This book was their one and only collaboration. They subsequently went on to carve solo careers as successful writers. The text which is 75 point print is covered by plenty of white space to make it accessible and easy to see. The pictures have a page dedicated to them. The Braille of the text and picture descriptions appear in the footer of both pages. Therefore, the book can be enjoyed by many people. The book is catchy. It uses poetic devices. It uses rhyming couplets and run on lines to describe cats from different countries. The cat from France likes to sing and dance. The rhyming couplets build up as the narrative develops and describes cats from another country. The cat from Spain Flew in an aeroplane. But MY cat likes to hide in boxes The sentences are very simple which makes them easy to recite and remember. The musicality of the rhyming couplets aid in making the story memorable. It is in essence a fun rhyming story. This makes it a great read for children who are learning to read. This is a story that is great for sharing between children and elder family members. It is no surprise it first won a prize in 1971. Its longevity illustrates its staying power and how it continues to be influential through different generations. Children will love to take part in this fun rhyming story which can be set to music because of its musicality.

### Chapter 3 : My Cat Likes To Hide In Boxes – access2books

*Lots of cats all around the world do exciting things like fly aeroplanes or play the violin - but my cat, an ordinary round-the-house cat, likes to hide in boxes. Children will love joining in with this fun rhyming story that is just right for beginner readers. To ask other readers questions about.*

### Chapter 4 : My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes : Eve Sutton :

*This video is about My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes.*

### Chapter 5 : My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes - Wikipedia

*According to Dodd [New Zealand's best known author and author of the Hairy Maclary series], My Cat Likes To Hide In Boxes is based on a true story. It is the story of the Dodd's family cat that used to love hiding in boxes, cupboards, supermarket bags and the likes.*

### Chapter 6 : My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes by Eve Sutton

*My cat likes to hide in boxes Lots of cats all around the world do exciting things like fly aeroplanes or play the violin - but my cat, an ordinary round-the-house cat, likes to hide in boxes. Children will love joining in with this fun rhyming story that is just right for beginner readers.*

### Chapter 7 : My cat likes to hide in boxes - ESL worksheet by metcalf

*Listen to the story and do these activities about this funny book that consists of descriptions of cats from different places*

## DOWNLOAD PDF MY CAT LIKES TO HIDE IN BOXES

*(even there's a cat from As Chans!!!!), all followed by the phrase "but my cat likes to hide in boxes".*

### Chapter 8 : My cat likes to hide in boxes " Clilstorytellingandmore

*My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes. O R D E M E P R O G R E S S O. Title: mycatlikes(C) Created Date: 12/31/ PM.*

### Chapter 9 : Lesson 2\_My Cat Likes to Hide in Boxes " Sharing Learnings on the Road

*The cat from Spain flies an aeroplane. The cat from France likes to sing and dance. But my cat likes to hide in boxes.*