

Chapter 1 : SSANGYONG CEMENT (S) PTE. LTD. | Singapore Data Register for Companies

May 14, Establishment of Ssangyong Cement Industrial Co., Ltd.

It offers ready mixed concrete, ceramics, and other products. Ssangyong Cement owns and operates a number of cement plants, including the Donghae Plant, the largest single unit cement plant in the world. The company sells cement domestically and abroad.

Dynamic Leadership in the Early Years: In the years of great scarcity following the liberation of Korea from 35 years of Japanese administration, this soap became the leading brand. It had close ties with such well known insurance brokers and reinsurance companies as Munich Re in Germany and Willis Faber in the United Kingdom, and domestic branches. In Kim set up the Kumsung Textile Co. The company was successful, despite the scarcity of raw materials and treasury-induced inflation. Kim rebuilt the factory in after it had been burned down in the Korean War, with the help of the U. Korean Reconstruction Agency and turned it into the largest textile firm in the country with 30, looms and weaving machines.

Entering the Cement Market: During the s the trade deficit was turned around, trade barriers and protectionism were dismantled slowly at the insistence of the United States, and new democratic structures were experimented with successfully in government. Although the plant at Yongwol was dedicated in, it was duction capacity and expanded to 5. Situated on limestone reserves calculated to last years and serviced by the port of Pukyong nine miles away, Donghae contributed significantly to the total profits of the group. In he took over the Samwha Paper Co. He also established the Kumsung Shipping Co. Renamed Ssangyong Trading Co. He planned a major increase in production capacity for Donghae, took over Taehan Cement in, and made moves to enter heavy industry by constructing diesel engines for vessels, generators, and rolling stock. In founding Ssangyong Cement Singapore in Singapore in as a joint venture with a local company, he anticipated later Korean government policy requiring chaebols, familyowned conglomerates, to be more competitive abroad. It was not only the first overseas capital investment by a private Korean firm at a time when foreign exchange was scarce, but it helped to reduce somewhat the reliance on domestic demand and shipments to the Middle East, both of which hit a low from to Ssangyong Cement captured a part of the competitive Japanese cartel market as its leading foreign supplier as well as expanding its distribution network there. He died of a stroke in, at age The resulting confusion caused widespread concern, especially to President Park Chung Hee, who declared that the business ought "to be kept well maintained.

New Leadership Bringing Diversification and Growth: Educated at Brandeis University, Kim Suk Won first became auditor for Ssangyong Cement and managing director at Ssangyong Shipping, but after a year of routine desk work, which he disliked, he told his father, "Please let me do anything I like; I want to learn by myself how the world goes. I assure you that I will return home when I reach The former was an uphill battle. During the s, construction of the refinery proceeded at Onsan, although the National Iranian Oil Co. The "one hundred years of history" implies the continuity of the company and "creation" is the basis on which continuity will be secured and constantly requires inventing new products to meet the demands of the society and the times. He had expanded the cement business considerably since taking over. Aware of the value of research and technology, he opened the Ssangyong Research Center in Taedok Science Town in, initially to develop new types of cement and cementrelated products, but also branching into ferrite magnet equipment. Most promising was its research into ceramics used in high-precision instruments and engines. It was illustrative of the way in which Ssangyong Cement stood apart from many other Korean companies, which often were plagued with the problem of production and sales outstripping technology and quality. Despite great pressure and the offer of heavy state subsidies, Kim refused to join the lucrative munitions industry in and Even when, as a chaebol, Ssangyong was pushed into concentrating on heavy industry in the same year that Ssangyong Heavy Industries Co. SHIC was established after the takeover of a bankrupt firm to manufacture diesel engines and other machinery, Kim managedâ€™to promote this branch as the center of the machine industry, providing some of the expertise needed in the construction of internal combustion engines. The latter was central to his dream of entering the car industry. Its engines were approved by the Classification Society and it was poised to take on the international competition. Other car parts and heavy-duty presses were

manufactured by Ssangyong Precision Industry Co. Kim also took over Sunglee Machinery Works Ltd. He established Sunglee Electronics Co. Kim never attached as much importance to the audio and radio industry as did other chaebols. He went on to expand the paper industry, producing tissue and sanitary paper in conjunction with Scott Paper Co. He also incorporated Ssangyong Construction Co. From there, the company went on to win contracts in Southeast Asia and the Middle East, including work on a record-breaking project in Working closely with Ssangyong Engineering Co. Parsons Group of the United States in high-tech construction fields, including nuclear waste plants. Kim said he did not want to be left behind in this field. With the lifting of restrictions on direct foreign investment in , the company, as one of the big five in Korea, foresaw little difficulty in consolidating its position further. It already operated a highly esteemed investment research institute. The s were a golden age for the Korean economy, bringing three blessings: There were three successive years of 12 percent economic growth starting in when wages were still low, the exchange rate was favorable, and demand was strong. Once the trade deficit had been turned to surplus, overseas investment became imperative, not least because of rising Korean labor costs and the need to get closer to overseas markets. However, between and this trend reversed as Korean exports fell because of high domestic costs, and the 25 percent appreciation of the Korean won relative to the Japanese yen. Although the chaebols were once more favored by the government to boost the slowing economy and credit controls were eased, the gap between price and quality of products remained a problem. Ssangyong Cement Industrial Co.

Chapter 2 : Ssangyong Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd. | Company | The BIM Hub

SSANGYONG CEMENT (S) PTE. LTD. (the "Business") is a Private Company Limited by Shares, incorporated on 13 August (Friday) in Singapore. The address of the Business's registered office is at the ACER BUILDING building.

Chapter 3 : Board of Directors

Ssangyong Cement Industrial Co., Ltd. was founded in and is headquartered in Seoul, South Korea. The company is a subsidiary of Hahn & Co. Cement Holdings Limited. 34 Supyo-ro.

Chapter 4 : Ssangyong Cement (Singapore) Limited, Singapore

Initially known as SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Pte Ltd, the Company was listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange in as SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Limited. Through the years, while the building materials business remains as SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Limited's core focus, it has strategically diversified its business.

Chapter 5 : SuppliersOf Cement in Singapore

Ssangyong Cement (Singapore) Limited Jurong East, corporate profile and product articles., Singapore.

Chapter 6 : Ssangyong Cement (Singapore) Limited Singapore

Initially known as SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Pte Ltd, the Company was listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange in as SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Limited.

Chapter 7 : Ssangyong Cement Industry Co Ltd (KS) Quote| calendrierdelascience.com

*SSANGYONG CEMENT (SINGAPORE) LTD.: International Competitive Benchmarks and Financial Gap Analysis on calendrierdelascience.com *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. Though we heavily rely on historical performance, the figures reported in this report are not historical but are forecasts and projections for the coming fiscal year.*

Chapter 8 : Island Concrete Pte. Ltd.

SsangYong Cement (Singapore) Limited annual report 01 As the year draws to a close, the Company marks the beginning of a new chapter, witnessed.

Chapter 9 : Ssangyong Cement Industrial Co. Ltd | calendrierdelascience.com

Are the combined human resources at SSANGYONG CEMENT (SINGAPORE) LTD. productive? There is no absolute answer to this question. This report considers the extent to which the company's labor deployment indicators differ from global benchmarks.